

# APRSAF – 15

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Senior Coordinator

Secretariat of  
Strategic Headquarters for Space Policy

Government of Japan

# The Space Related Gov. Organization under Basic Space Law

## Strategic Headquarters for Space Policy

	Mr. Taro Aso Prime Minister Director-General		Mr. Takeo Kawamura Chief Cabinet Secretary Deputy Director-General		Ms. Seiko Noda Minister for Space Policy Deputy Director-General
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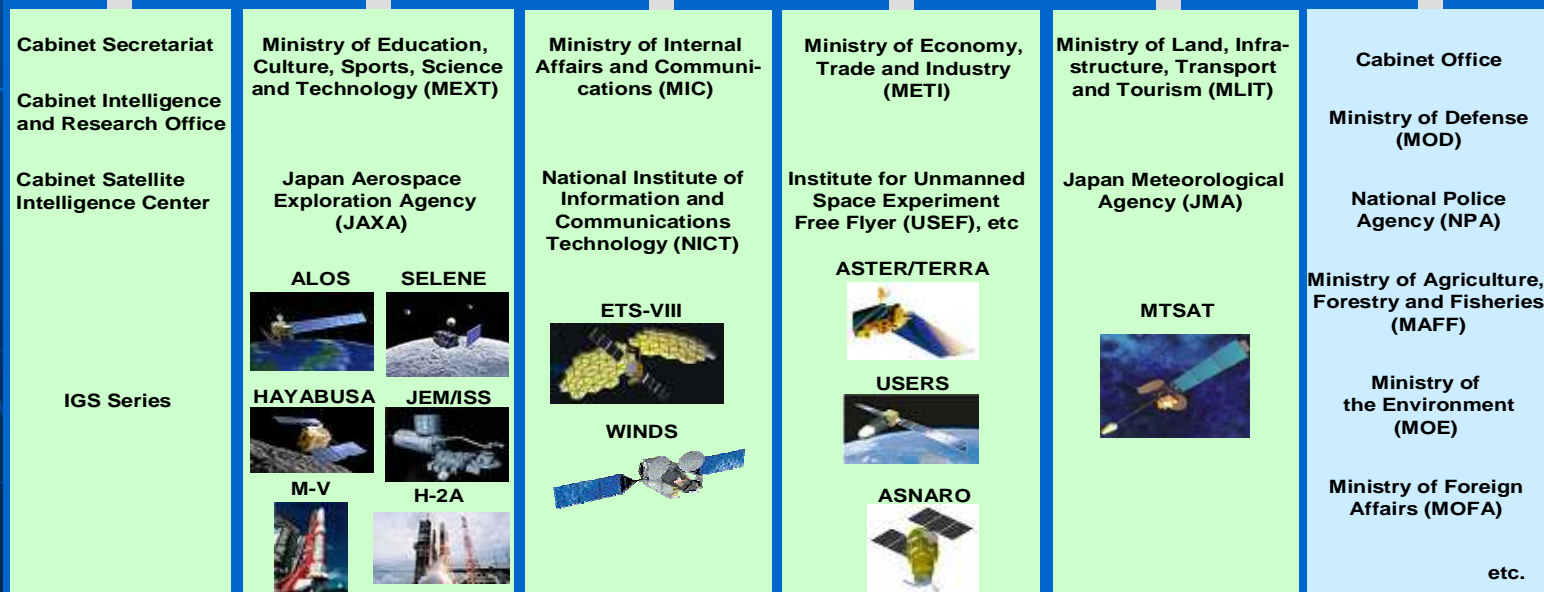
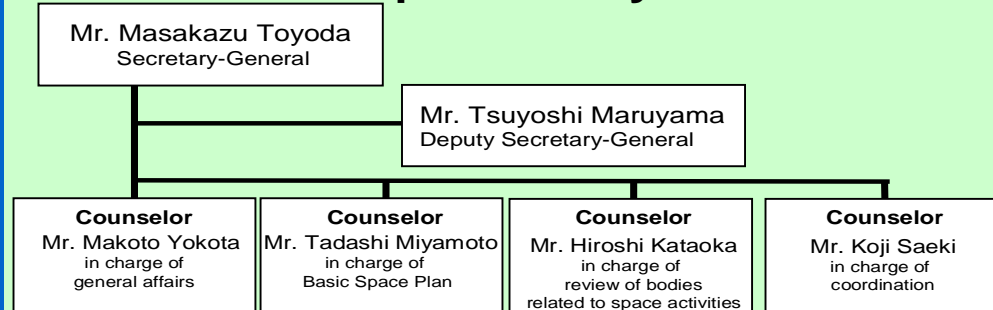
All the ministers constitute the member of the Headquarters.

### Special Committee on Space Policy

Working Group for Reconstruction of Space Related Organizations

Working Group for Legislation on Space Related Activities

## Secretariat of Strategic Headquarters for Space Policy



# *The Basic Principles and Pillars of Japanese Basic Plan for Space Policy [abstract -1]*

*Dec. 2008/ the Strategic Headquarters for Space Policy*

## I. Basic Principles

*Goals are “Contribution to the international community” and “Better Quality of Life”*

*Shifting the Policy Priority from “R&D on Rockets/ Satellites” to “Enhancing the Utilization of Space”*

*Promote the Governmental Space Programs effectively under the Strategic Headquarters’ leadership*

## II. Five Pillars of Space Policy

### 1. For Rich, Secure and Safe Life

- Provide the Space Infrastructure, such as remote sensing and positioning satellites, continuously and promote the new businesses utilizing them*
- Establish Space Data Archives and improve the accessibility to them*

### 2. Increase Security through the Use of Outer-Space

- Promote the utilization of Outer-Space by Self Defense Forces, while maintaining our exclusively defense-oriented policy, and accelerate the work for the 2010 National Defense Program Guidelines*
- Strengthen the capability of space-based information gathering*

# *The Basic Principles and Pillars of Japanese Basic Plan for Space Policy [abstract -2]*

*Dec. 2008/ the Strategic Headquarters for Space Policy*

## II. Five Pillars of Space Policy (Cont'd)

### 3. Conduct Diplomacy by Using Space Technology

- Use our space technology, such as meteorological and remote sensing satellites, strategically as a tool of diplomacy*
  - esp. for Asia-Pacific, Africa, Central-South America*
  - in adequate cases, by using official development assistance*

### 4. Foster Strategic Industries for the 21st Century

- Strengthen international competitiveness of the Japanese space private sector*
- Cooperate with the private sector in order to explore the possibilities in the international market*
- Develop a series of satellite, which should be cheaper and more reliable, small-size satellite, new sensor technology, space transport and related infrastructure*

### 5. Inspire the Human Dream and Invest for the Next Generation

- Promote Space Science with the goal of scientific discoveries*
- Enhance the effort to inspire the dreams of the younger generations*
- Promote the discussions on future projects (eg. Robot technology for moon and planet probe, Space-based solar power energy and manned space activity)*